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A Grounded Theory Approach to Assess the Entrepreneur's Role in Implementing the Training Needs of a Small Business, a Hospitality Sector Perspective

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#### ENGAGING INNOVATIVE KNOWLEDGE THROUGH APPLIED QUALITATIVE RESEARCH MCAST 2<sup>nd</sup> ANNUAL CONFERENCE IN QUALITATIVE RESEARCH METHODS





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#### **On-The-Job Training: Not Just an Option**:

- An indispensable strategy against the tumultuous tide of global economic swings.
- Not just about operational capability—shaping the very essence of guest experiences.

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#### The Weight of Effective Training:

- A multifaceted tool: Beyond mere skill acquisition— Shaping the very mindset of the workforce.
- The importance of knowledge transfer: The true measure of training's efficacy is in the creation of effective work force.

#### The Crucial Dilemma:

- A challenging Situation: Ensuring training aligns seamlessly with the organizational visions.
- The peril of incongruence: Training that doesn't resonate with goals can sabotage its own purpose the training is useless.



# Literature Review

#### **Entrepreneurial Philosophy about Training**

- Crucial role in the entrepreneur's mindset for on-the-job training.
- Entrepreneurs who valuing innovation and growth invest in employee training.
- Training alignment with practices of medium and large companies.

#### **Trends in the Hospitality Sector**

- Constant shifts such as booking preferences, culinary tastes, and accommodation.
- Emphasis on regular employee training to adapt and excel on the job.





## Literature Review

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#### **Entrepreneurial Knowledge: The Pillar of Training**

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- Blend of expertise, skills, on going entrepreneurial training and future vision.
- Vital asset, especially during uncertainties.

#### **Knowledge Acquisition: The 3 Phases**

- **1.Humanistic**: Rooted in the entrepreneur's mind.
- 2.Operational: Translated into company processes by means of training.
- **3.External**: Gained from larger firms and external contacts.



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# Literature Review

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#### Successful Training in Small Business: 3 Key Factors

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- Training Design.
- Employee Traits.
- Working Environment.

#### **Training Design**

• Should be relevant to the business needs.

#### **Components of Training Design**

- Knowledge from Entrepreneur.
- Curriculum and Agenda.
- Purpose to Harness existing knowledge and transfer of new knowledge.
- Followed by an Appraisal to be effective.



# Literature Review

#### **Other Training Methodologies:**

- Instruction Design: Experiential learning instructions applied in practice.
  - Benefits: Real-time practice, enables feedback and error-based learning.
- Informal Learning: Unstructured and often spontaneous.
- Job Rotation: Exposes employees to continuous learning.
- Types: Functional (within department) and Cross-functional(across departments).
- Induction Training.





- Grounded Theory: Aim of research is to generate a rich, in-depth theoretical understanding of a social process or phenomenon, particularly in areas where existing theories are limited or absent.
- 4 participants.
- In-Vivo Coding, Memos and Paraphrasing using MAXQDA.
- Strauss and Corbin Conditional Matrix for Category Schema .
- Core Category: Training Strategies by the Entrepreneur
- Creative Coding.
- Code Proximity.

# ENGAGING INNOVATIVE KNOWLEDGE THROUGH APPLIED



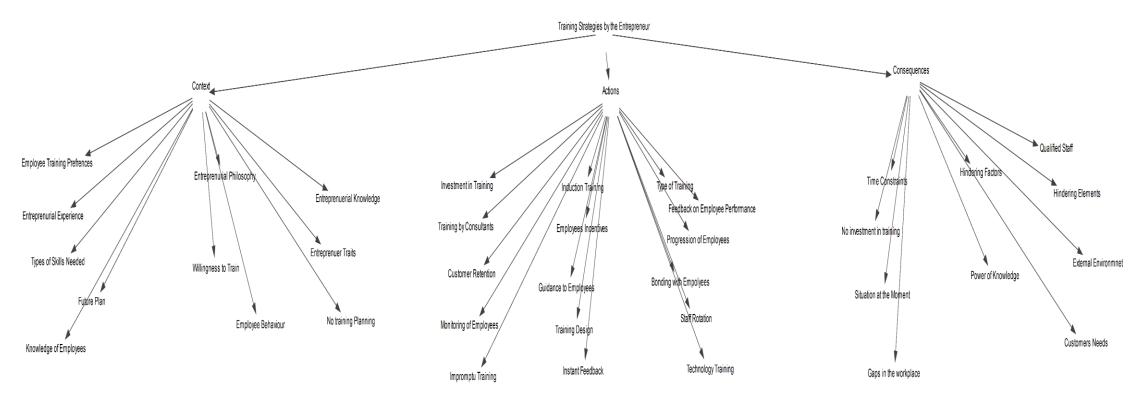
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### Creative Coding using MAXQDA

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WORK

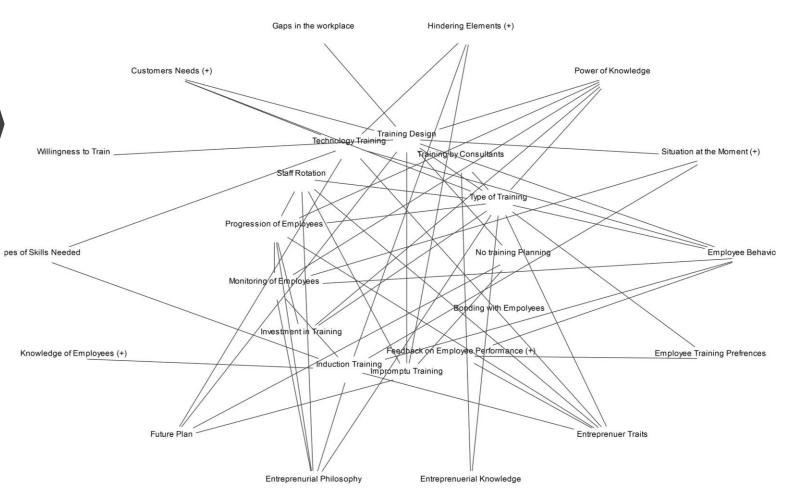
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Code Co-occurrence Model (Code Proximity)

Code Proximity Action Sub Codes





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# **Researcher Positionality**

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#### • Research Approach:

• Adopted the Charmaz constructivist believe.

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#### • Constructivist Belief:

- Knowledge is constructed in stages it is not simply discovered.
- Emphasis on unique life experiences as individual attributes.
- From personal experiences, a social reality is constructed.





- 1. Training is an investment; it should be monitored and would lead to the progression of employees.
- 2. Employees' skills and knowledge should be considered before planning training.
- 3. Induction training will lead to bonding and building trust with employees.



Findings

4.Staff rotation leads to a progression of employees.

5.Customers' needs, and the external environment create new knowledge.

6.The entrepreneur should monitor the actual situation of his employees to identify training needs.



### Research Question

RQ: How do entrepreneurs identify and implement the training needs of a small business in the hospitality sector?

The answer for the RQ: The Customer needs, through feedback, will enable the entrepreneur to assess the current skills of his employees to identify existing gaps to be implemented in the training design content.

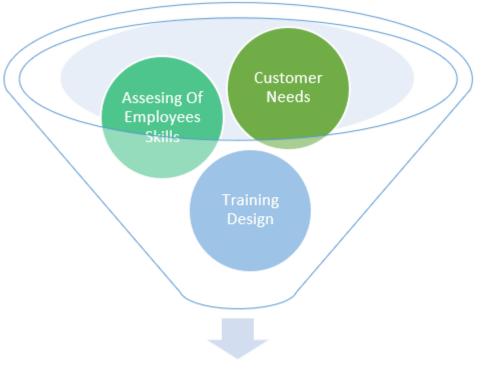


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**Customer Experience** 



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### **THANK YOU**



